

# Upgrading Plans of the Chinese SLR Network

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# History of the Project

- **Period of the Project of Crustal Movement Observation Network of China (CMONOC) : 1997-2000**
- **Main techniques of the project:**
  - ✓ **Main technology: GPS Network**
  - ✓ **Other technologies: VLBI, SLR Gravity, Leveling**
- **Improvements of Chinese SLR Network during the project:**
  - ✓ **Precision: Single shot from 3-6cm upgraded to 1.5-3cm**
  - ✓ **Stability: from 3-5cm upgraded to 1.5-3cm**

- **The second stage of the Project:**

- ✓ **Period: 2008--2011**
- ✓ **The same technologies with the first stage**
- ✓ **More core GPS stations (from 25 increase to 260)**

# Goals of the Upgrading of SLR

- **Precision: single shot (rms)** <10mm for Starlette, ...  
<15mm for Lageos  
normal point (rms) 3-5mm for Lageos
- **Stability:** 10-15mm
- **Ranging capability:** >25000Km (Compass, Galileo, GPS, ...)
- **Daylight tracking capability:** All stations

# Main Technical Upgrading

- **New lasers**

- ✓ kHz diode pumping lasers (10ps pulse width, 1 KHz repetition)

for Shanghai, Changchun, Beijing, Wuhan and TROS-2

**Candidates:** Photonics (US), HighQ Laser (Austria ), China ...

- ✓ Kunming to be determined

Due to T/R with the same telescope (1.2 meter)

- **Event timer – for all stations**
  - ✓ Timing accuracy: 10ps
  - ✓ Timing repetition: >1kHz
- **Daylight tracking package – for all stations**
  - ✓ Made by ourselves
- **kHz ranging controller – for all stations**
  - ✓ Made by ourselves

# Situation of Mobile SLR Station

- **TROS-1**

- ✓ **The TROS-1 now is in KASI, Daejeon, Korea in August 2008.**
- ✓ **The details of TROS-1 observations in KASI will be presented by Dr. Lim of KASI on this Workshop.**
- ✓ **The TROS-1 system will not be included in the upgrading plan of the CMONOC.**

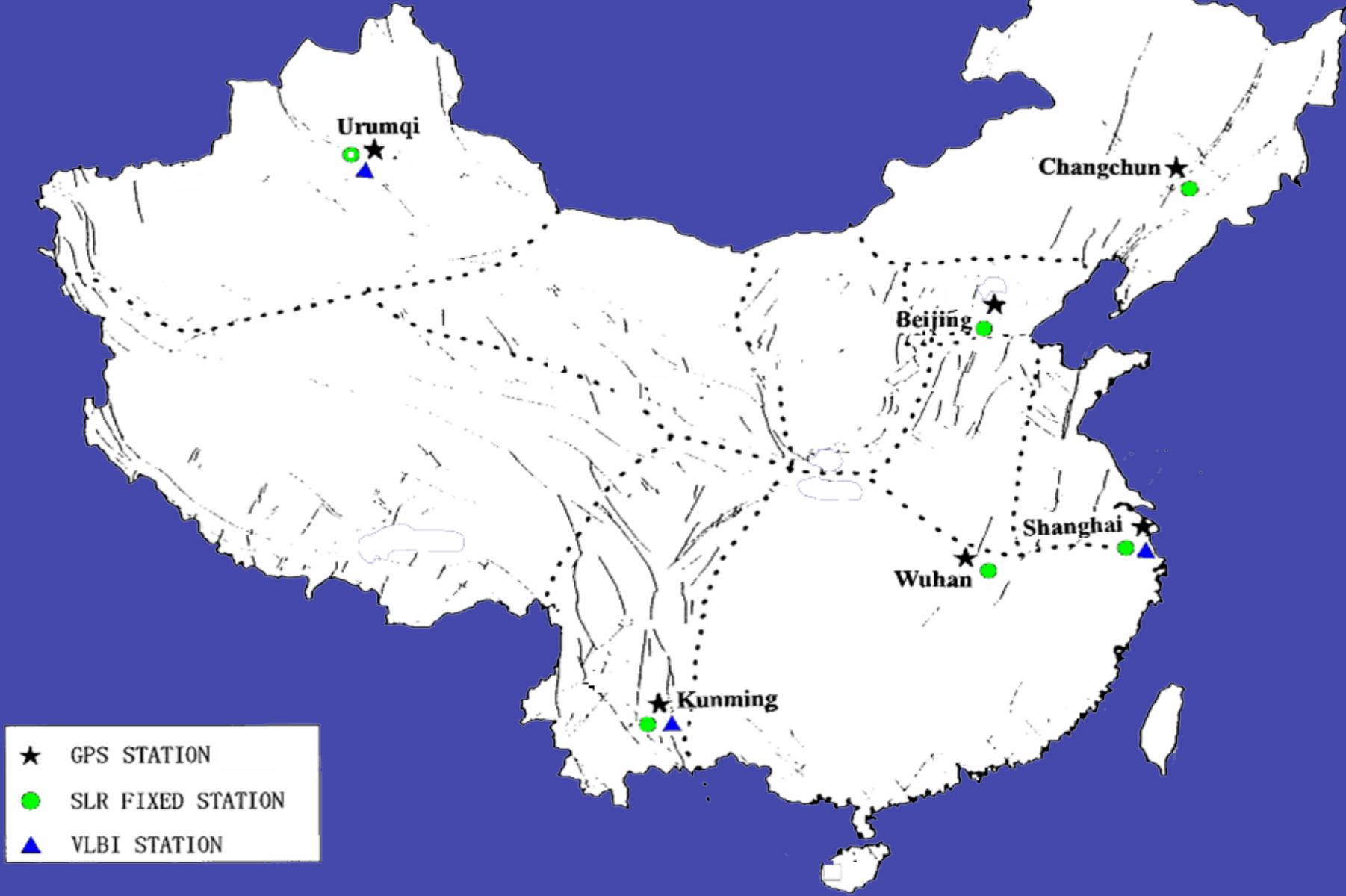
## ● TROS-2

- ✓ In the project of the second stage of CMONOC, a new powerful mobile SLR system, TROS-2, will be made by 2011. The Institute of Seismology in Wuhan is in charge to develop the system.
- ✓ The main parameters of TROS-2 will be:
  - 80 cm aperture telescope
  - kHz laser
  - C-SPAD receiver
  - Event timer
- ✓ The capability of TROS-2 mobile SLR system will be:
  - GEO tracking
  - Sub-cm range precision
  - Daylight tracking routinely

## **A new fixed SLR station in Urumqi by 2010**

- **A new fixed SLR system supported by Chinese Academy of Sciences will be installed in Urumqi station by 2010. Shanghai Observatory is in charge to develop the system.**
- **The station will be located at Nanshan, 60 km away in the south of Urumqi city, above sea level 2000m. The weather condition is excellent.**
- **The location of the station is of importance both in Chinese and global network.**
- **There are a VLBI system and a GPS station already, so the station will be a multi-technique collocation site.**

# SLR / VLBI Stations in China



- **The main parameters of the new SLR system will be:**

- ✓ 1 meter aperture telescope

- ✓ kHz laser

- ✓ C-SPAD receiver

- ✓ Event timer

- **The capability of the new system in Urumqi will be:**

- ✓ GEO tracking

- ✓ Sub-cm range precision

- ✓ Daylight tracking routinely

# San Juan SLR Station

- ILRS ID7406
- Cooperation between the National University of San Juan and the National Astronomical Observatory of China (NAOC)
- Operational since Feb. of 2006 with excellent productivity, but the precision and stability are to be upgraded.



- **The upgrading proposal for the San Juan SLR system is under serious consideration by the Ministry of Science and Technology of China.**
- **The main upgrading:**
  - ✓ kHz ranging
  - ✓ Event timer
  - ✓ Daylight tracking
  - ✓ Sub-cm range precision

# Summary

- Under the support of the National Project “CMONOC”, the Chinese SLR network will be upgraded in two years
- 1 fixed station in Urumqi and 1 mobile system will be added into the CSN
- All systems will go to kHz ranging and daylight tracking, the performance of the CSN will be great upgraded
- San Juan station will get the funding for same upgrading soon.

**Thank you !**